Goal • Practise solving problems involving rates of change.

## What to Do

Answer each question in the space provided.

1. Complete the table below.

| $\boldsymbol{t}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\boldsymbol{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | $\Delta \boldsymbol{t}$ | Initial state | Final state | Total change | Average <br> rate of change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.0 s | 17.0 s |  | 10.0 m | 28.0 m |  |  |
| 0 min | 15 min |  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| 1.0 h | 9.0 h |  | 1200 kg | 350 kg |  |  |
| 35 min | 155 min |  | 102 L | 12 L |  |  |

2. Solve the following problems.
(a) A car is travelling along a straight road. The car is 12.4 km from home at 10:20 a.m. It is 74.8 km from home at 11:50 a.m. How fast is the distance changing?
(b) A water tank has a volume of 800 L . It develops a leak 23 s after being filled. Later, 327 s after being filled, the volume of the water in the tank is 613 L . How fast is the volume of the water changing?
(c) A container of pop is taken out of a refrigerator and placed on a counter. After 30.0 min , the rate of change of temperature for the pop was found to be $0.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{min}$. If the pop had a temperature of $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the refrigerator, find its final temperature.
3. Find the rate of change for each graph by drawing a slope triangle and calculating the slope.
(a)

(b)

